

"The Art of Practicing"

Good things to remember:

- 1. Practice involves working on material with the concept of making corrections and improvements.
- 2. Playing involves doing what you already know how to do.
- 3. Practicing correctly yields higher proficiency. It is the key to greater success.
- 4. Question: How do I practice correctly/effectively?
 - Answer: Establish goals in your practice. Determine what are the areas of greatest need relative to each piece.
- 5. Question: How do I know what "areas" to focus on in my practice?

 Answer: Listen—use your ears. Observe—use a mirror for embouchure check, hand position, etc. Monitor tempos.
- 6. Practice makes permanent, so having a systematic approach to proper practice is important.

Recommended Practice Session:

- Warm up (Long tones–Work for greater control and beauty of the sound)
- Technical Studies (Concentrate heavily on scales, thirds, and arpeggios)
- 3. Etudes (Approach them as an unaccompanied solo)
- Solos and Excerpts (Reflective of and dependent on the level of the player)
- 5. Sight Reading (Duets and rhythmic patterns)

Practical tips before starting to Practice:

- 1. Determine what you intend to accomplish. Some sessions might focus more or less in certain areas, but know what you need to work on and stick to it. Having a list is a great idea, and use it to check things off as you go!
- 2. Work with your metronome. Practice at a variety of tempos, always progressing slower to faster as controllable.
- 3. Utilize a variety of articulations when practicing scales and arpeggios.
- 4. Apply what I call the "3 to 5" rule. If you can play something accurately 3 times in a row at a certain tempo, try going for 4 or 5 times in a row accurately and cleanly at the same tempo, or increase the tempo slightly and start again.
- 5. Above all, learn to be a critical listener. This doesn't mean you beat yourself up every time you make a mistake, but that you genuinely begin to evaluate your own playing. Don't be lured into proud mediocrity.

Practical factors for good tone production:

Characteristic embouchure, proper breath control, good posture, and listening.

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